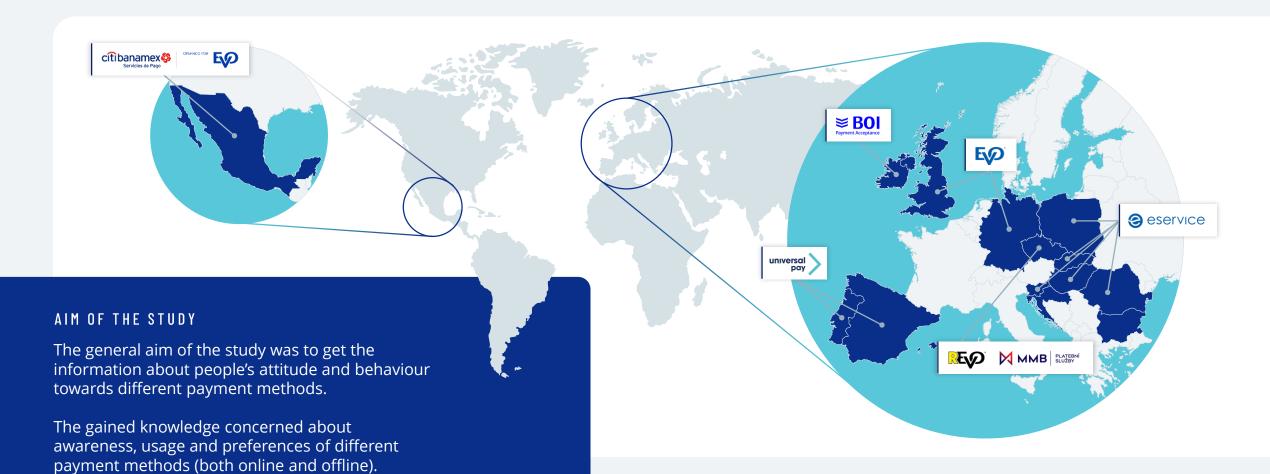


PAYMENT METHODS

INTERNATIONAL SURVEY - MAY 2022



THE AIM OF THE STUDY







ABOUT THE STUDY

RESPONDENTS

Representative sample of each country's population aged 18-65.

PERIOD OF THE STUDY

March 2022





RESEARCH METHOD

The study was conducted using CAWI methodology – respondents were invited to take part in an internet survey.

COUNTRIES IN THE STUDY AND SAMPLE SIZES

0 N P O T W N D 1004

ZECHIA 805

LOVAKIA

SLOVAKIA

600











G E R M A N V

IRELAND

x | C 0

PORTUGAL



E

KEY FINDINGS



2/3

of Slovenes choose cash payments, even if other options are available at least 2-3 times per month



2/5

paid by card during their last offline purchases



MORE THAN

could not pay by card when they wanted to, because there was no terminal at the place of purchase



1/2

choose card payment while paying more than 100 EUR

Slovenes, compared to other countries participating in the study, are somewhere in between cash and electronic payment methods.

In some situations, they just prefer to pay in cash. It also happens that card payment is not available, e.g. when they want to pay at markets and bazaars, hairdresser, for taxi trips or parking fees.

They choose card payment, mainly when making purchases for high amounts, above 100 EUR.



1/4

Slovenes, during their last online shopping choose cash or card payment on delivery



.02

ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY



E

ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY

The basic module of our research on Attitudes towards forms of payment is a standardized psychological tool created by Professor Grażyna Wąsowicz, who specializes in the field of economic psychology, in particular the psychology of money.

The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33) (Wąsowicz-Kiryło, 2013) is a standardized tool with proven reliability and validity. It consists of 33 statements that allow measurement on 9 scales.

THREE SCALES MEASURE ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY



CONTROL

behaviour related to money control, no difficulties with saving and controlling expenses



MEANS

perceiving money as a means of realizing values, ensuring a sense of independence and freedom of choice



PLEASURE

the pleasure of carrying out activities related to money: thinking about money, dealing with it, talking about it

THE NEXT 6 SCALES ARE USED TO MEASURE COGNITIVE-BEHAVIOURAL FINANCIAL COMPETENCES, DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS:

2A. THE FIRST GROUP IS CONVICTIONS REGARDING:



INVESTMENT

beliefs about the need and importance of investing money, perceiving investing as an important element of managing money well



INSURANCE

convictions about insuring yourself and your property (needed or unnecessary)



USING BANKING SERVICES

attitudes about the use of banking services, treating them as a good way to manage money

2B. THE SECOND GROUP IS BEHAVIOURS RELATED TO MONEY:



MANAGEMENT

behaviours that are associated with expanding knowledge about finances and having appropriate knowledge to increase wealth



ACCOUNTING

related to planning and control of the expenditure plan



SPENDING IMPULSIVELY

without reflection or making financial plans











For Slovenes, money is a Means of realizing values, ensuring a sense of independence and freedom of choice. They are quite interested in investing money and using Banking Services as a way to manage money. They carefully control and plan their expenses.



ATTITUE
TOWARD
MONEY

In The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33), each respondent was asked to respond to all statements on a 6-point scale from 0 to 5.

The results for each indicator on the level of Attitudes Towards Money range from 0 to 25 points, and for indicators fron the level of Cognitive Behavioural Financial Competences from 0 up to 15 points.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.



CONTROL

SLOVENIA - 15,8

OTHER COUNTRIES - 15,4

Slovenes perform similar money Control as residents of other countries participating in the survey.



MEANS

SLOVENIA - 17,0 A

OTHER COUNTRIES - 16,1

In Slovenia, the treatment of money as a Means of achieving values is stronger than in other countries.



PLEASURE

SLOVENIA - 13,9▲

OTHER COUNTRIES - 13,2

Also the Pleasure that comes from dealing with money for Slovenes is stronger than for other nations.

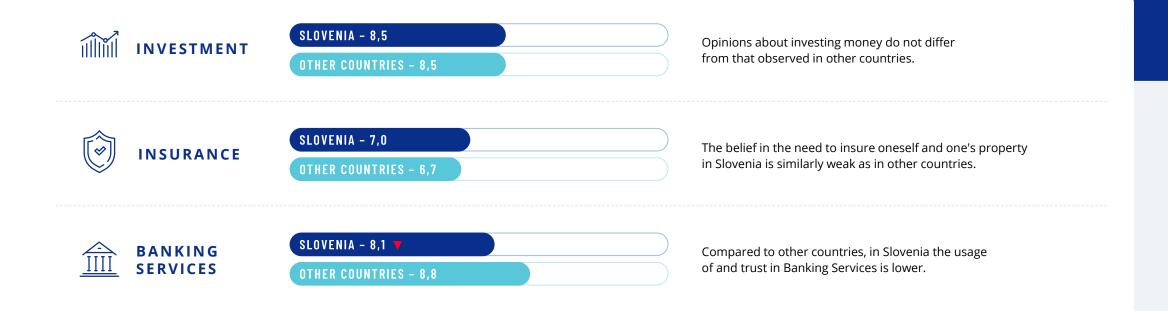


COGNITIVE
BEHAVIOURAL
FINANCIAL
COMPETENCES

In The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33), each respondent was asked to respond to all statements on a 6-point scale from 0 to 5.

The results for each indicator on the level of Attitudes Towards Money range from 0 to 25 points, and for indicators from the level of Cognitive Behavioural Financial Competences from 0 up to 15 points.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.





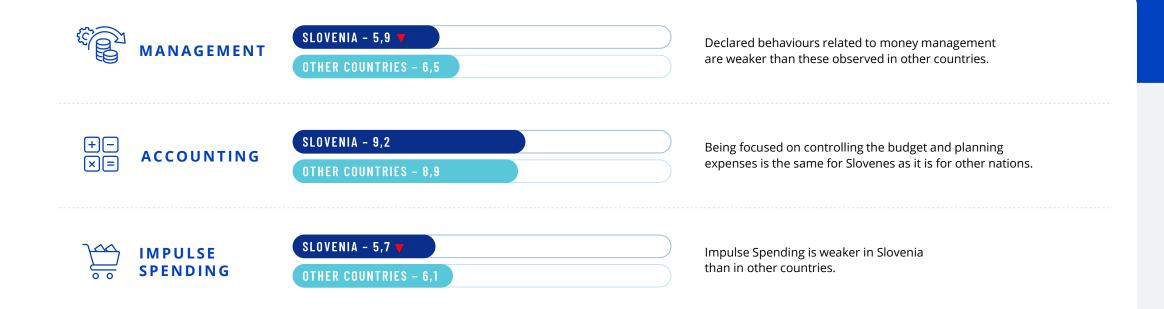


COGNITIVE
BEHAVIOURAL
FINANCIAL
COMPETENCES

In The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33), each respondent was asked to respond to all statements on a 6-point scale from 0 to 5.

The results for each indicator on the level of Attitudes Towards Money range from 0 to 25 points, and for indicators from the level of Cognitive Behavioural Financial Competences from 0 up to 15 points.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.





SLOVENES AND ATTITUDE TO MONEY



Slovenes treat money as a means of achieving value

- In their opinion, money provides a sense of independence
- Money enables a comfortable life, at the same time, they like to control their expenses and savings
- They are interested in investing money and try to avoid impulse spending



SLOVENIA

capital city: **Ljubljana**

currency: **Euro**

population: **2,1 million**



.03

PAYMENT METHODS AWARENESS AND USAGE





AWARENESS OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHAT METHODS/TYPES OF PAYMENTS DO YOU KNOW OF, EVEN IF YOU HAVE ONLY HEARD ABOUT THEM?

Plastic payment card, cash and traditional bank transfer are payment methods known by majority of Slovenes. Spontaneously they most often mention such forms of payment as: cards (87%), cash (76%) and digital wallets (39%).

SPONTANEOUS AWARENESS

AIDED AWARENESS







vs. 77% other countries

PLASTIC PAYMENT CARD e.g. credit, debit



vs. 60% other countries

CASH



vs. 42% other countries

DIGITAL WALLETS AND OTHER APPLICATIONS





vs. 98% other countries

CASH



vs. 97% other countries

PLASTIC PAYMENT CARD e.g. credit, debit



vs. 96% other countries

TRADITIONAL BANK TRANSFER with entering the account number, etc.



INTERESTING



60%



CONTACTLESS PAYMENTS USING A MOBILE

PHONE, SMARTWATCH OR OTHER DEVICES

88% **V**

92%

SLOVENIA



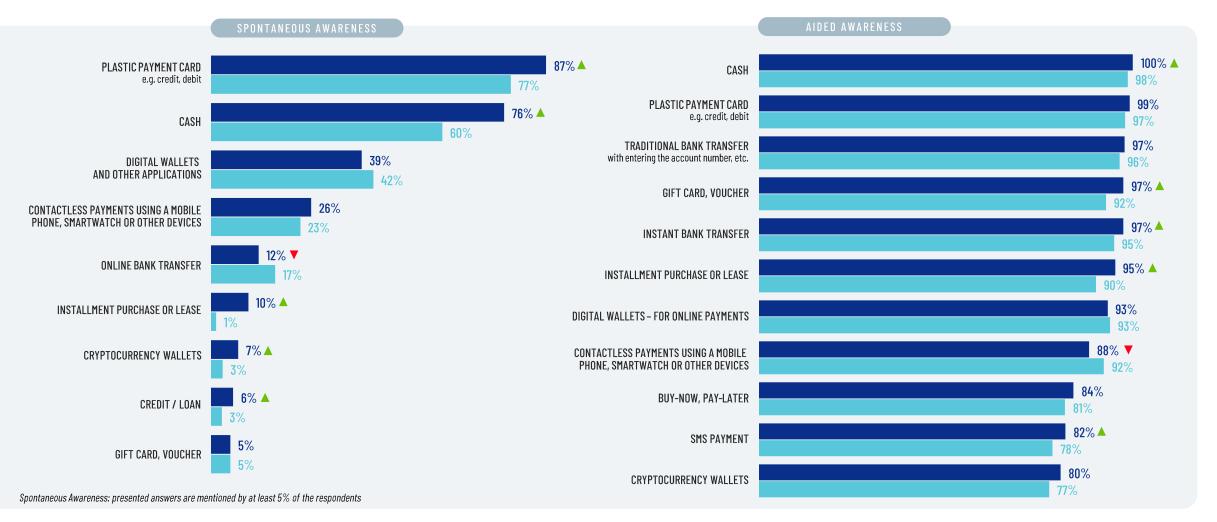
OTHER COUNTRIES





AWARENESS OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHAT METHODS/TYPES OF PAYMENTS DO YOU KNOW OF, EVEN IF YOU HAVE ONLY HEARD ABOUT THEM?









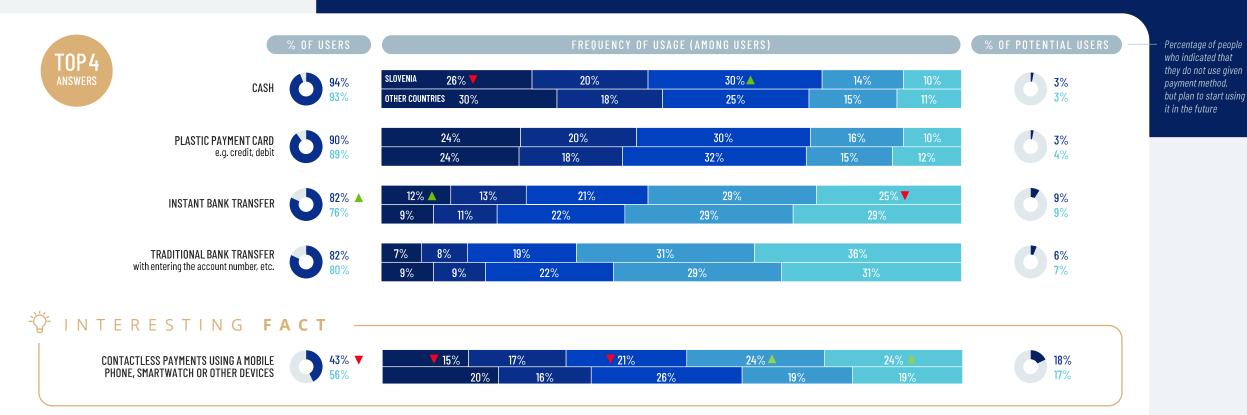
who indicated that

they do not use given

FREQUENCY OF USAGE OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN?

Payment methods used the most often in Slovenia are: cash, plastic payment card, instant and traditional bank transfer. At the same time, Spanish use conctactless payments using a mobile phone, watch or other devices less often compared to other nations.



eservice

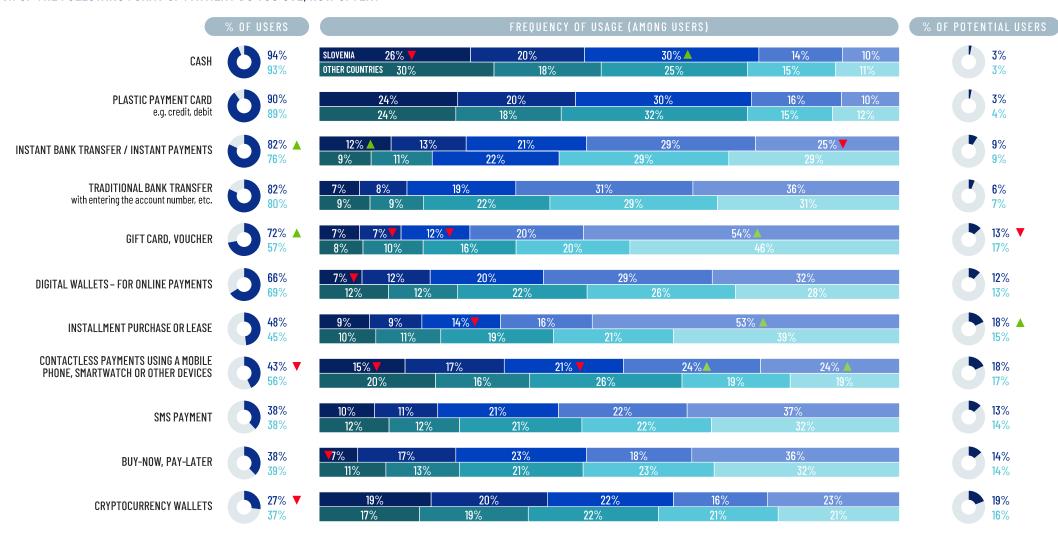
VISA



who indicated that

FREQUENCY OF USAGE OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN?



eservice

VISA



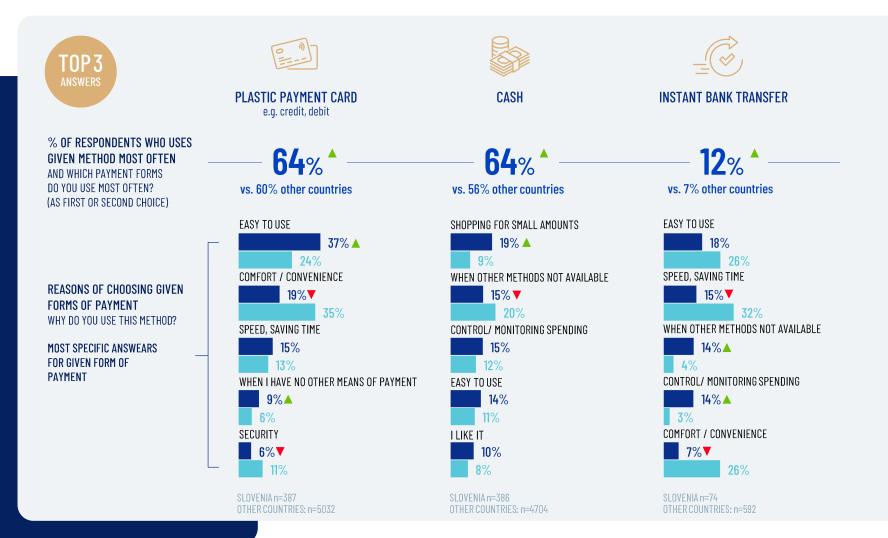
MOST OFTEN USED FORMS OF PAYMENT AND REASONS OF CHOOSING THEM

Slovenes most often pay with card or cash. However, cash is chosen by even more people than in other countries (64% vs. 56%).

Cards are appreciated primary for ease of use, but also convenient and time saving they provide.

Cash is used while shopping for small amounts and when other methods are not available. It is also easy to use and allows to control spending.







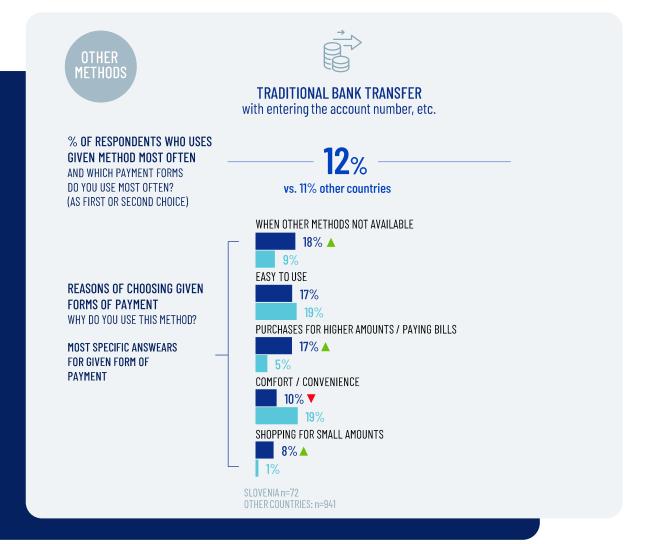








MOST OFTEN USED FORMS OF PAYMENT AND REASONS OF CHOOSING THEM







BANKING



47% USE MOBILE BANKING

TO USE INTERNET BANKING AT
LEAST 2-3 TIMES PER WEEK

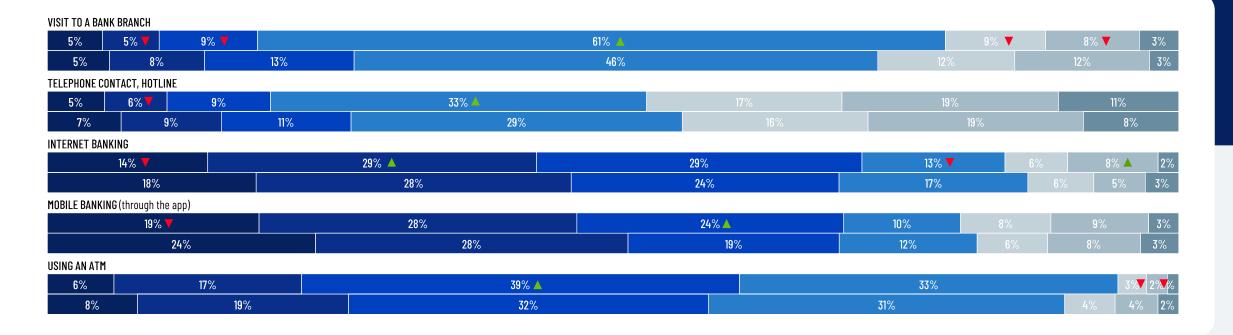
LEAST 2-3 TIMES PER MONTH





ATMs, Internet and mobile banking are the most popular channels of banking in Slovenia, but Slovenes use them less frequently than residents of other countries covered by the study. On the other hand, more people visit bank branches at least once a month or less often.

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CHANNELS OF BANKING DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN?











● ONCE A DAY OR MORE OFTEN ● 2 - 3 TIMES PER WEEK ● 2 - 3 TIMES PER MONTH ● ONCE A MONTH OR LESS

I KNOW THIS CHANNEL, I DON'T USE IT YET, BUT I PLAN TO USE IT IN THE FUTURE

I KNOW THIS CHANNEL, BUT I DON'T USE IT AND I DON'T PLAN TO USE IT IN THE FUTURE



.04

PAYMENT METHODS MY LAST PURCHASE





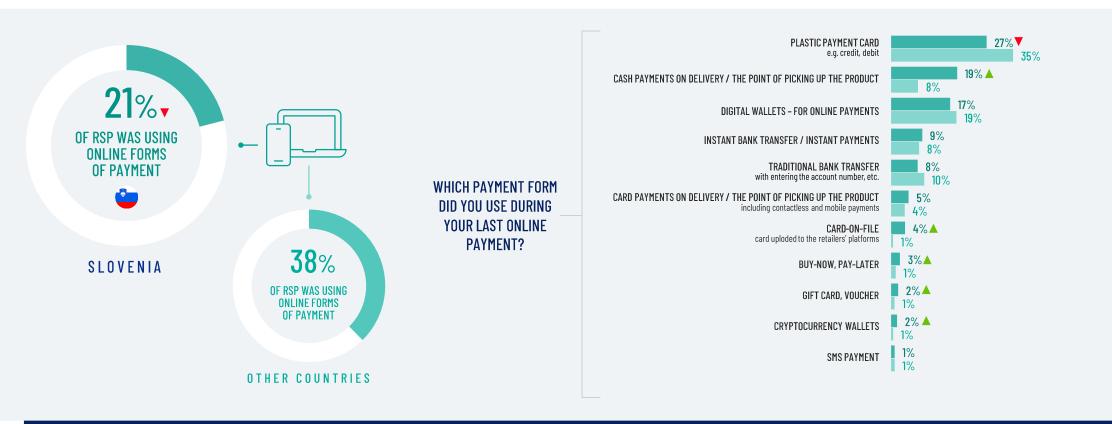
LAST PAYMENT - ONLINE OR OFFLINE?







LAST ONLINE PAYMENT TYPES



Only 1/5 Slovenes made their last payment online.

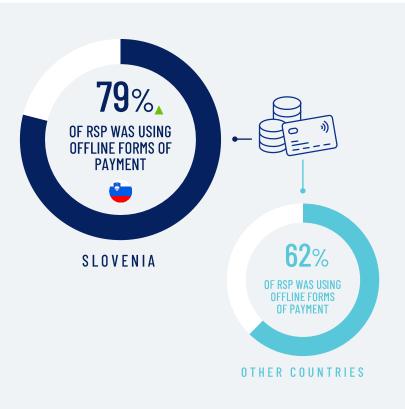
The most often used method of payment while shopping online was card (e.g.credit, debit), but Slovenes choose it less often than other countries residents. However, they more often pay when receiving the order especially in cash.



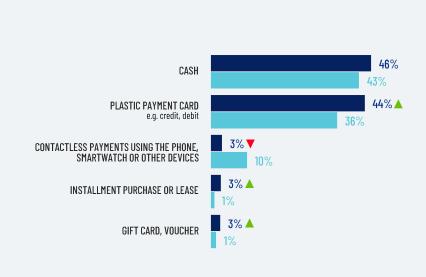




LAST OFFLINE PAYMENT TYPES



WHICH PAYMENT FORM DID YOU USE DURING YOUR LAST OFFLINE PAYMENT?



Almost 4/5 respondents in Slovenia made their last payment offline. 46% paid by cash and 44% use plastic payment card than. Only 3% decided to pay with a phone or other device, what shows that it is a very rarely used payment method in Slovenia vs. other countries.





.05

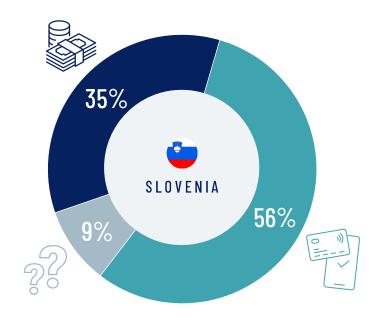
PAYMENT METHODS PREFERENCES ——

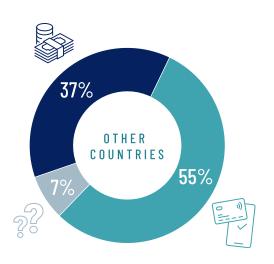




PREFERRED METHOD OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE

WITH REGARD TO ALL SITUATIONS WHERE YOU MAKE PAYMENTS WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE (TRADITIONAL SHOP/SALES POINT), WHICH IS YOUR PREFERRED METHOD?







56% OF SLOVENES PREFER TO PAY USING ELECTRONIC METHODS WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE

More than 1 out of 2 Slovenes prefer using electronic payments than cash.

At the same time, only 35% of people in Slovenia choose cash - this is similar result as among residents of other countries.





AMOUNT VS PREFERRED PAYMENT METHOD



While paying up to 1 EUR, 3 out of 4 Slovenes choose cash. In case of expenses worth 1-5 EUR, almost 6 out of 10 still prefer cash.

On the other hand, the amounts of more than 100 EUR would be paid using electronic methods by half of Slovenes. The visible trend is that the higher the price, the larger group of those who prefer digital payments.

WHICH METHOD OF PAYMENT WOULD YOU CHOOSE IF SOMETHING COST:















PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (1/3)



In some situations, cash as a payment method is more popular in Slovenia than in other countries. Slovenes more often pay in cash when visiting a doctor, buying public transport tickets and paying at restaurants. More than a half of them choose cash also in case of visiting hairdresser or beautician.

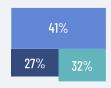
WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:

SLOVENIA 30% 29% 41%



GROCERY SHOPPING IN SHOPS (offline - traditional shops/ sales points)

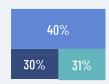
ES COUNTRI





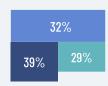


PAYING AT A RESTAURANT/BAR/ CLUB/FAST FOOD



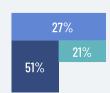








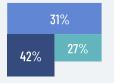


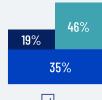






BUYING PUBLIC TRANSPORT TICKETS (bus, tram)







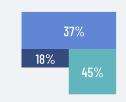
PAYING FOR SOFTWARE / FLECTRONIC GAMES

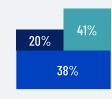






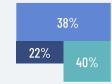
PAYING AT A HOTEL/ FOR ACCOMMODATION



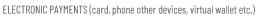














SOMETIMES CASH, SOMETIMES ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS









PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (2/3)



74% CHOOSE CASH TO PAY FOR SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS

Slovenes also choose cash payments during shopping at markets or bazaars, paying for cultural events, paying parking fees. Electronic payments are prefered during online shopping, especially in foreign shops, making payments for school and buying goods other than groceries.

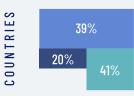
WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:

SLOVENIA 42% 22% 35% **T**



BUYING THINGS OTHER THAN GROCERIES IN SHOPS

(e.g. home appliances, electronics, clothes etc.)







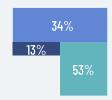
MAKING PAYMENTS FOR SCHOOL/ PRESCHOOL/ UNIVERSITY







SHOPPING IN DOMESTIC **ONLINE SHOPS**







SHOPPING IN FOREIGN ONLINE SHOPS







SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS

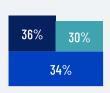






PAYING FOR CINEMA/ THEATER/ **ENTERTAINMENT**







PAYING CHARGES AT PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS (e.g. for having documents issued)



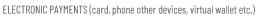




PAYING PARKING FEES









SOMETIMES CASH, SOMETIMES ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS







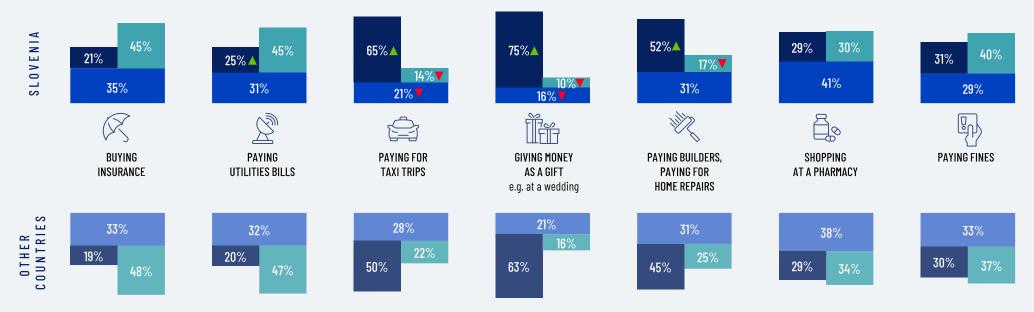


PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (3/3)



2/3 of the taxi payments in Slovenia are made in cash. Cash is also preferred when Slovenes give money as a gift and pay builders. On the other hand, Slovenes pay for insurance and utility bills using electronic methods, but still more often than other nations choose cash.

WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:









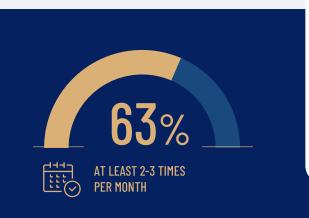
FREQUENCY OF SITUATIONS IN WHICH SLOVENES PREFERRED CASH PAYMENTS

Slovenes generally prefer to pay with cash.

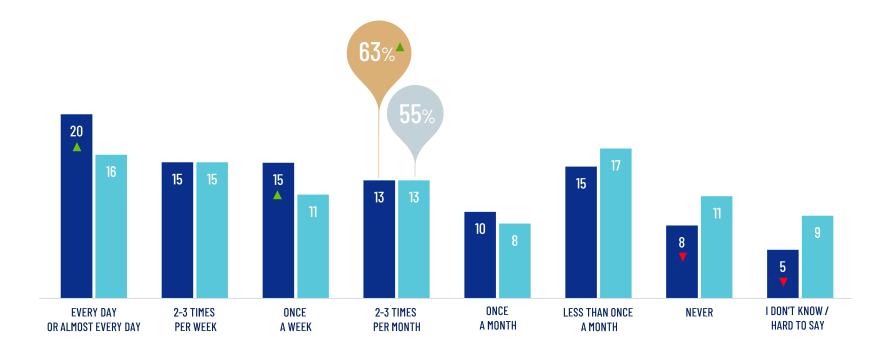
63% of them choose cash payments, even if other options are available at least 2-3 times per month.

1/5 are using cash payments on daily basis and this score is significantly higher than other countries.

At the same time, only 8% of Slovenes never choose cash if other methods are available this result is significantly lower than in other countries, where it is 11%.



HOW OFTEN ARE YOU IN A SITUATION WHERE YOU HAVE SEVERAL PAYMENT CHOICES BUT WANT TO PAY WITH CASH?











.06

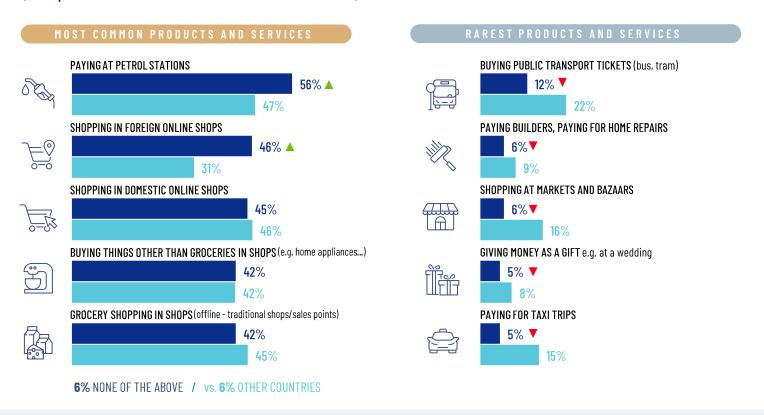
DIGITAL PAYMENTS





PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR WHICH SLOVENES PAY USING CASH-FREE METHODS

WHICH OF THESE GROUPS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES DO YOU ALWAYS OR ALMOST ALWAYS PAY FOR USING CASH-FREE METHODS (card, phone, smartwatch or other device, virtual wallet etc.):



Slovenes most often use cash-free payments when paying at petrol stations – significantly more often than in other countries, shopping in online shops, buying goods e.g electronics, home appliances and doing grocery shopping.

Situations in which they usually do not choose cash-free methods are: buying pubic transport tickets, paying builders and for home repairs, shopping at markets, giving money as a gift, paying for taxi trips.

SLOVENES USE CASH-FREE PAYMENTS WHEN PAYING AT PETROL STATIONS

6%

SLOVENES DO NOT USE CASHLESS PAYMENTS IN ANY SITUATION



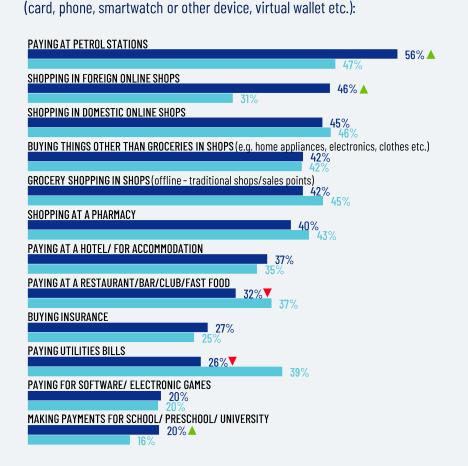






PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR WHICH SLOVENES PAY USING CASH-FREE METHODS

WHICH OF THESE GROUPS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES DO YOU ALWAYS OR ALMOST ALWAYS PAY FOR USING CASH-FREE METHODS









BASE: SLOVENIA n=601; OTHER COUNTRIES: n=8330



IMAGE OF PLACES OFFERING ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

SLOVENES PERCEIVE A PLACE WHERE ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS ARE AVAILABLE AS MODERN

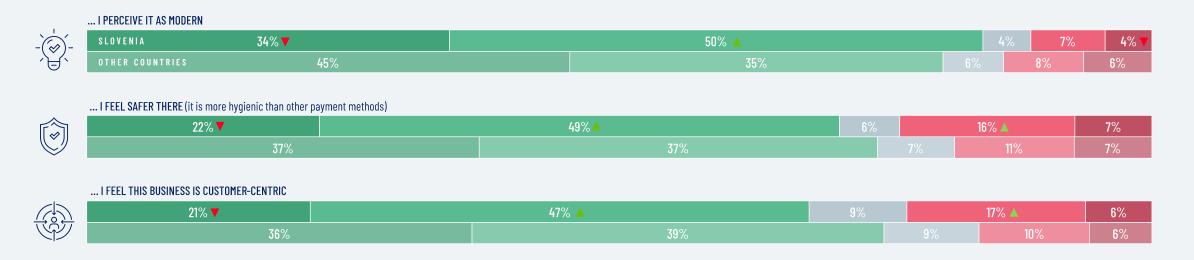
23% \\ \[\]______

DO NOT AGREE THAT A PLACE **OFERRING ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS** IS SAFER OR CUSTOMER-CENTRIC Offering electronic payment methods has a definitely positive effect on the perception of the place of purchase among Slovenes, as among residents of other countries.

Possibility of electronic payments causes that a place is seen as modern (84%), safe (71%) and customer-centric (68%). However, Slovenes are less convinced of these statements. Moreover, larger groups of people do not perceive places with available electronic payment methods as safer or customer-centric.

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statement?

IF A PLACE OFFERS THE POSSIBILITY OF ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS (card, phone or other devices payments, virtual wallets etc.) ...



eservice





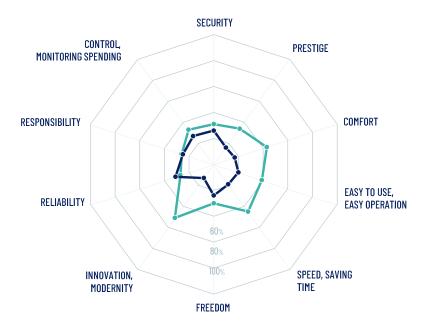
IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

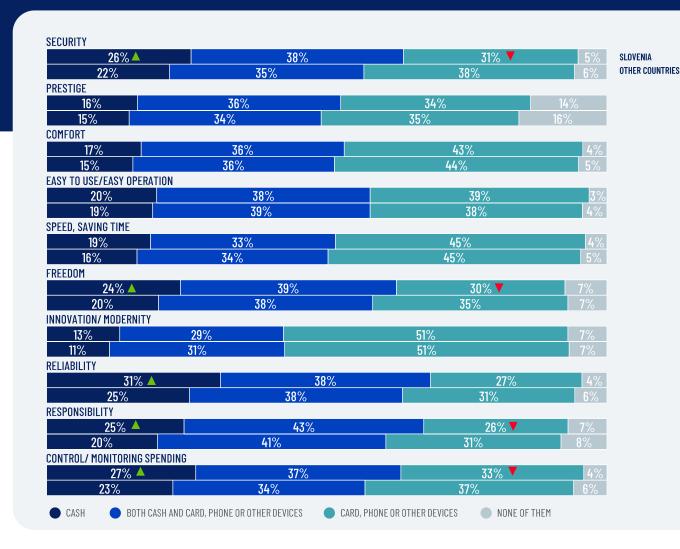
In Slovenia, the image of electronic payments by card, phone or other devices and image of cash partly have similar perception – both methods are associated with reliability, responsibility, control spending, security and freedom.

However, electronic payments stand out as being more innovative, fast, comfortable and easy to use.

WE ARE ABOUT TO SHOW YOU SOME DESCRIPTIONS. SAY WHICH OF THEM FIT CASH PAYMENTS BETTER AND WHICH FIT ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS BETTER

(card, phone or other devices, virtual wallet etc.)





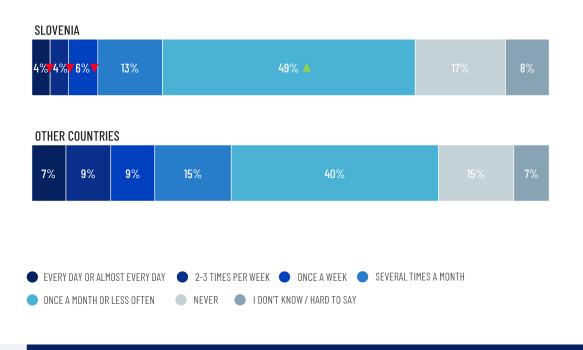




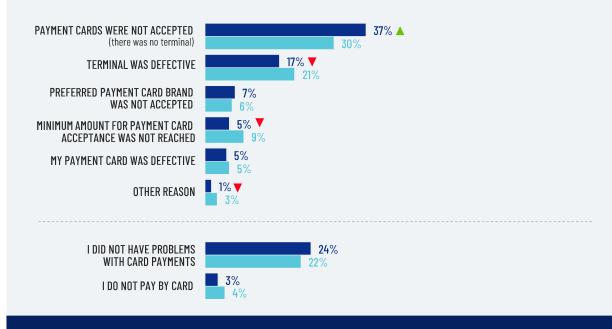


NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD HOW OFTEN, WHAT REASONS

HOW OFTEN DO YOU FIND YOURSELF IN SITUATIONS WHERE YOU WANT TO PAY BY CARD (e.g. plastic payment card, payment card connected to phone) BUT CAN'T?



RECALL THE LAST SITUATION WHEN YOU WANTED TO PAY BY CARD BUT COULDN'T. WHAT WAS THE REASON WHY YOU COULDN'T PAY BY CARD?



There are situations in Slovenia that it is not possible to pay by card. This problem is similar to other countries, but occurs with a slightly less frequently - almost half of Slovenes are willing but unable to pay by card once a month or even less often. The most common reason is simply that there is no terminal at the point of purchase. It also happens that the terminal is broken.







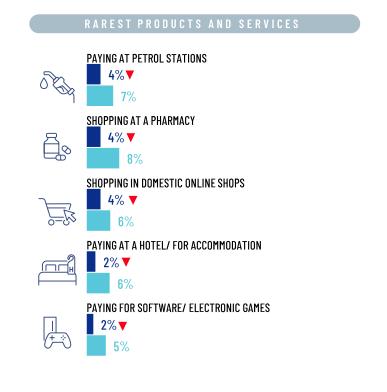


NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD IN WHICH SITUATIONS

IN WHICH SITUATIONS DO REGULARLY FIND THE OPTION TO PAY BY CARD UNAVAILABLE?

SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS **39**% GIVING MONEY AS A GIFT e.g. at a wedding 34% ▲ 27% PAYING BUILDERS, PAYING FOR HOME REPAIRS **31**% 🔺 24% GOING TO THE HAIRDRESSER/ BARBER/ BEAUTICIAN 24%▼ 30% **PAYING FOR TAXI TRIPS** 25%

16% NONE OF THE ABOVE / vs. 17% OTHER COUNTRIES





39% SLOVENES CANNOT PAY WITH CARD DURING

SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS

Most often, Slovenes cannot pay by card at markets and bazaars. In addition, it also happens that a card option is not available when giving money as a gift, paying builder, hairdresser,

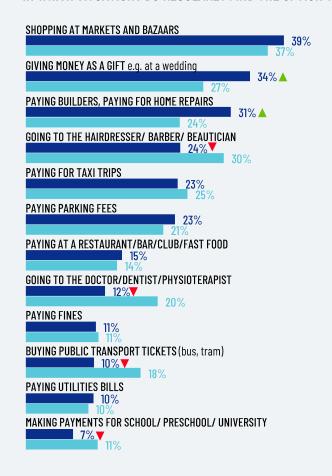
beautician and paying for taxi trips.

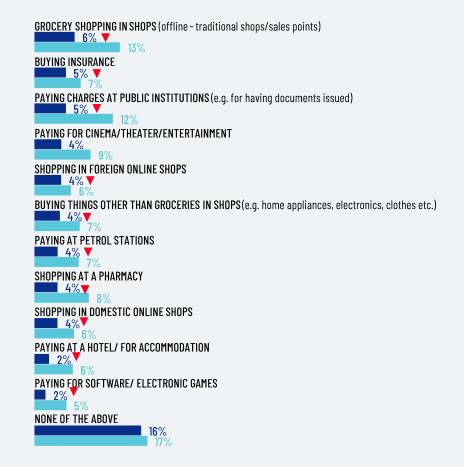
The least frequent problems with card payments appear when shopping online, buying software or games, at pharmacy, petrol stations and in hotels.



NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD IN WHICH SITUATIONS

IN WHICH SITUATIONS DO REGULARLY FIND THE OPTION TO PAY BY CARD UNAVAILABLE?

















NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY TO CASH-FREE PAYMENT

Slovenes are less likely to resign from purchasing products or using a service because they do not have enough cash with them – this is not a big problem in Slovenia.

And if they do it, it is mainly while paying parking fees, shopping at markets and bazaars, paying at restaurants, doing grocery shopping or paying builders.

OF SLOVENES RESIGN FROM PAYING PARKING FEES DUE TO THE LACK OF CASH AT LEAST 2-3 TIMES PER MONTH









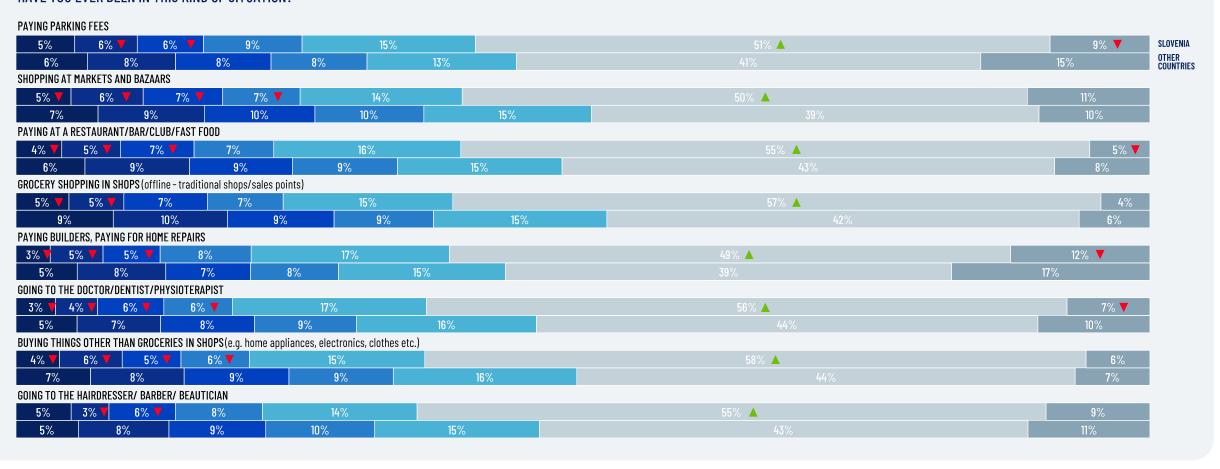






NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY TO CASH-FREE PAYMENT(1/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?





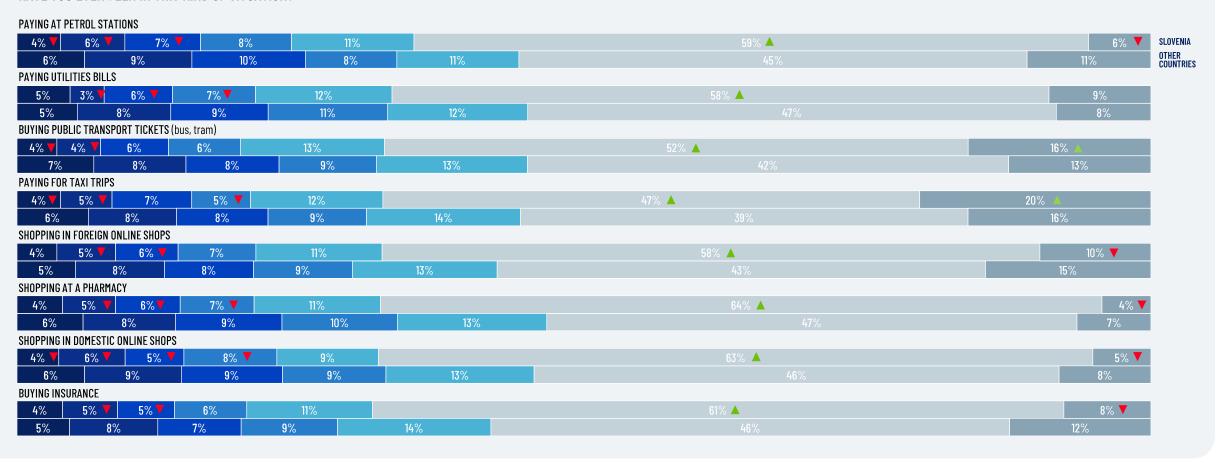






NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY TO CASH-FREE PAYMENT(2/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?









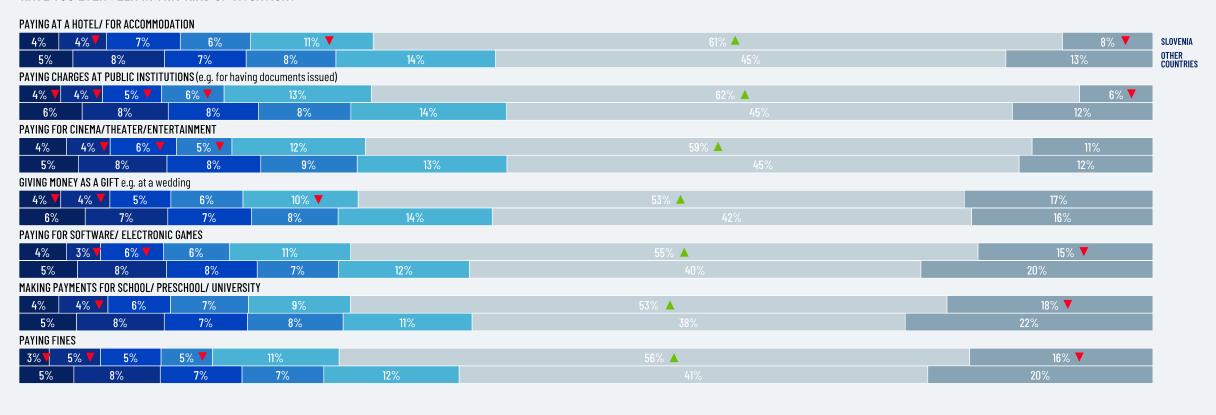






NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY TO CASH-FREE PAYMENT(3/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?















PAYMENTS WHILE TRAVELLING

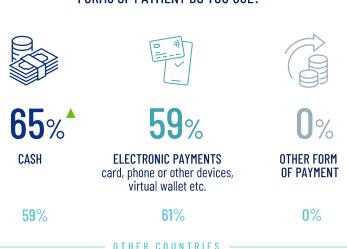


PAYMENTS ABROAD

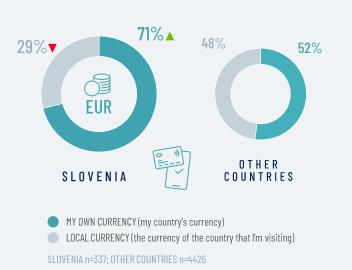
When travelling, Slovenes choose both cash (59%) and electronic payments (65%). What's interesting, they pay abroad with electronic methods slightly more often than residents of other countries.

When they pay by card abroad, 7/10 of them prefer to pay in their country's currency – it is more compared to other countries (52%); only 29% choose local currency. 3/4 of Slovenian respondents choose their own currency also while withdrawing cash from an ATM – it is higher percentage compared to other countries (54%).

WHEN SHOPPING OFFLINE (traditional shop/sales point) ABROAD (food, drinks, tickets etc.), WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE?

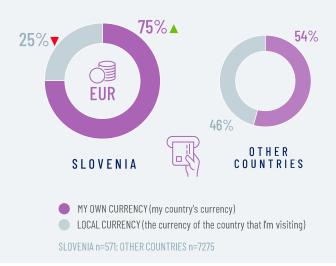


WHILE ABROAD, IN WHAT CURRENCY WOULD YOU LIKE TO PAY WITH BY CARD, PHONE OR OTHER DEVICES?



WHILE YOU ARE ABROAD AND NEED TO WITHDRAW CASH FROM AN ATM, IN WHICH CURRENCY WOULD YOU PREFER YOUR ACCOUNT WAS CHARGED

(the account connected to the payment card used for a withdrawal)?



SLOVENIA n=571; OTHER COUNTRIES n=7275





OTHER COUNTRIES

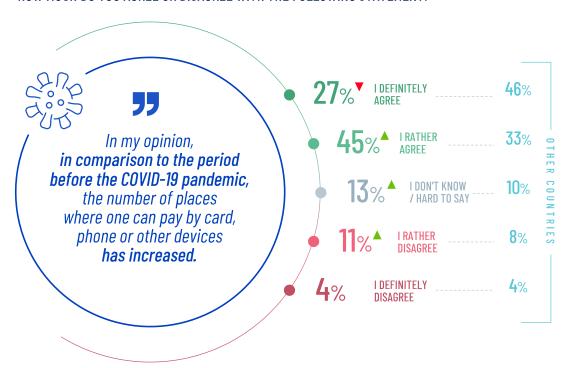






CASH-FREE PAYMENTS AND COVID-19 PANDEMIC

HOW MUCH DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE WITH THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:



According to 72% of Slovenes, it is true that after the COVID-19 pandemic, there are more places where you can pay with a card, phone or other devices.

However, a slightly smaller number of people than in other countries are definitely convinced of this (27% vs. 46%).





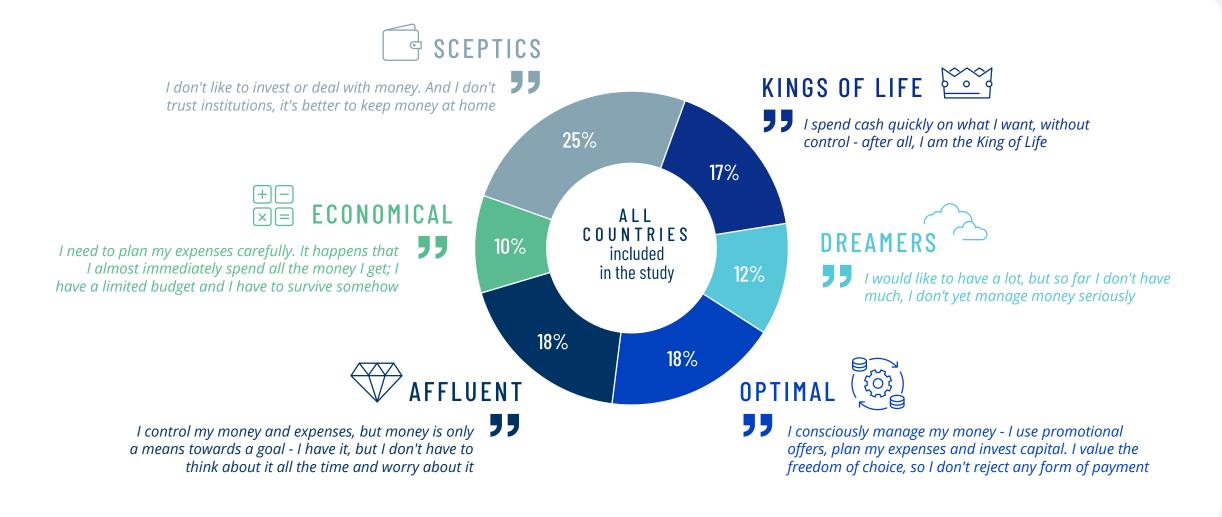


SEGMENTATION





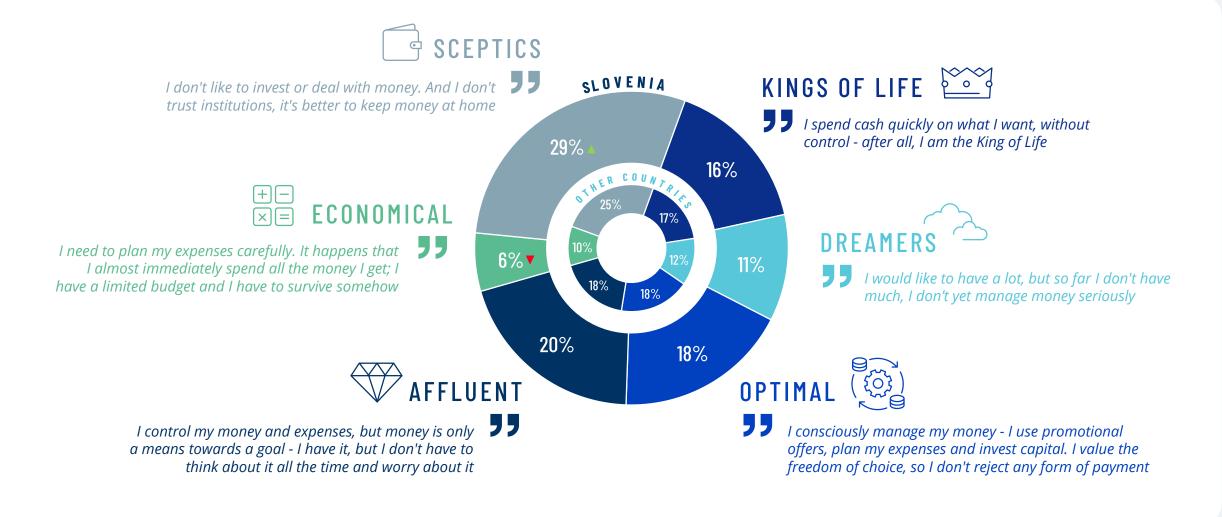
SEGMENTATION







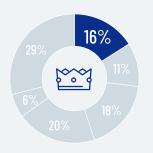
SEGMENTATION







SEGMENTATION - KINGS OF LIFE



KINGS OF LIFE

I spend cash quickly on what I want, without control - after all, I am the king of life

vs. 17% OTHER COUNTRIES

ATTITUDES

- They have some difficulty with saving money - if they have any savings, they spend it without much thought, almost immediately
- This is the segment that **spends money the** fastest
- They like to talk about money counting money makes them happy
- Of all the segments **they know how much** money they have in their accounts to the smallest degree



IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS







HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	8%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	8%	0.1
V N	23%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	27 %	HE R
0 V E N	42%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	47%	C 0 U N
S	20%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	14%	TRI
	6%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	4%	ES







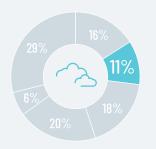








SEGMENTATION - DREAMERS



DREAMERS

I would like to have a lot, but so far I don't have much, I don't yet manage money seriously

vs. 12% OTHER COUNTRIES

ATTITUDES

- It is rather unlikely that they save **money** - even if they have enough of it
- They like to deal with money dealing with money gives them pleasure
- It is rather unlikely that they accumulate knowledge in the field of personal finance, but they are convinced that one should use banking services
- They are reluctant to invest money
- They know well how much money they have in their accounts



IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS



AGE 29% 25-34 35-44

PREFERRED METHOD OF PAYMENT while shopping offline CASH **CASHLESS**

3% 8% I DON'T KNOW/ HARD TO SAY

HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	3 %	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	3%
A N	13%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	20%
N	51 %	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	56%
٥ ٦	27%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	18%
	6%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	3%





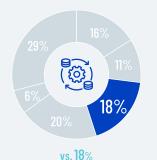








SEGMENTATION - OPTIMAL



OTHER COUNTRIES

ATTITUDES

OPTIMAL

• Money is important to them - they like to

dealing with it gives them the greatest **pleasure** compared to other segments

• They save money, make financial plans they don't spend their money immediately • They know perfectly well **how much money**

remember well how much money they

they have in their accounts, they

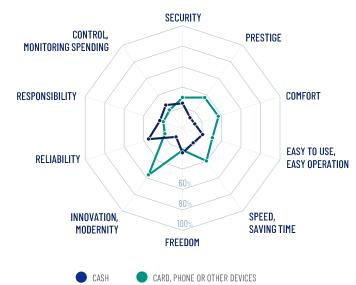
think about it, talk about it, deal with it;

I consciously manage my money - I use promotional offers, plan my expenses and invest capital. I value the freedom of choice, so I don't reject any form of payment

OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

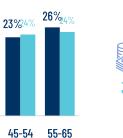
53%

WOMAN



AGE 23%4% 23%4% 26%4%

25-34 35-44





CASH

43%

CASHLESS

10% 8%

I DON'T KNOW/ HARD TO SAY

PREFERRED METHOD

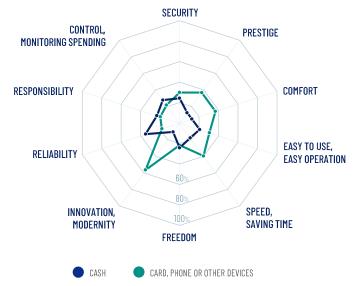
OF PAYMENT

IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS)

57% • OTHER CUNTRIES • 43%

GENDER

47%



HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	1%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	2%
V	16%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	18%
0 V E N I	60%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	62%
SLO	17%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	16%
	▲ 5 %	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%

HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?



SLOVENIA



have in their wallets







SEGMENTATION - AFFLUENT



OTHER COUNTRIES

AFFLUENT

I control my money and expenses, but money is only a means towards a goal - I have it, but I don't have to think about it all the time and worry about it

ATTITUDES

- Money is important to them, but they don't like to think about it, talk about it, deal with it - dealing with money gives them the least pleasure
- They control their expenses well **they** know very well how much cash they have in their wallets and how much money they have in their accounts

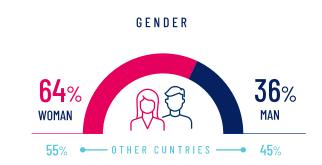


IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS



AGE 24%_{23%} 22% 25-34 35-44



HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

SLOVENIA	1%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	2 %	0 T
	11%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	15%	HER
	66%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	63%	COUNTRI
	20%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	17%	
	2%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%	ES







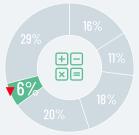








SEGMENTATION - ECONOMICAL



ECONOMICAL

I need to plan my expenses carefully. It happens that I almost immediately spend all the money I get; I have a limited budget and I have to survive somehow.



ATTITUDES

- It is rather unlikely that they think about money, they don't like to deal with it dealing with money doesn't give them pleasure, they don't like talking about money
- In comparison with other segments **money** is the least important to them
- It is rather unlikely that they make financial plans

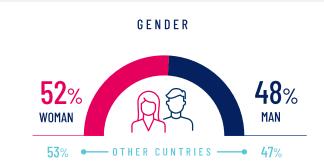
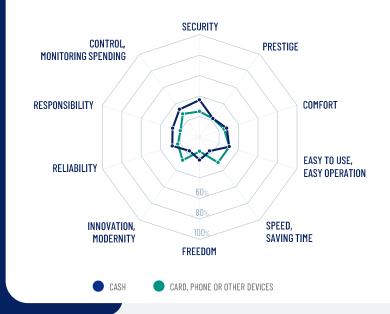
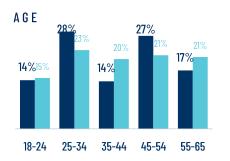


IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS







HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	3 %	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	5%
Z Z	27 %	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	25%
N	47 %	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	55%
2 5	20%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	12%
	3 %	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	3%













SEGMENTATION - SCEPTICS



SCEPTICS

I don't like to invest or deal with money. And I don't trust institutions, it's better to keep money at home

vs. 25% OTHER COUNTRIES

ATTITUDES

- Spending money does not give them much pleasure - they try not to spend money quickly
- It is rather unlikely that they create financial plans - the money does not serve to develop their interests, nor do they put aside money for unexpected expenses
- They are not convinced that it's worth using banking services



IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS



AGE **25%**5% **27**% 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-65



HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	3 %	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	5%	
∀ ▼	7 18 %	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	26%	# F X
0 V E N	57 %	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	55%	_ C U U N
S 🔺	21%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	12%	7
	2%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%	- F











.09

ABOUT RESPONDENTS



ABOUT **RESPONDENTS**





LEVEL OF EDUCATION







NEDOKONČANA OŠ OSNOVNA ŠOLA

10% POKLICNA ŠOLA 41% SREDNJA ŠOLA

15% VIŠJA ŠOLA 12% VISOKA ŠOLA

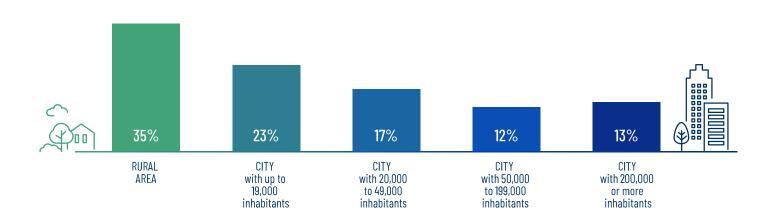
SPECIALIZACIJA PO VIŠJEŠOLSKEM PROGRAMU, VISOKOŠOLSKI STROKOVNI PROGRAMI

SPECIALIZACIJA PO VISOKOŠOLSKEM STROKOVNEM PROGRAMU, UNIVERZITETNI PROGRAM

SPECIALIZACIJA PO UNIVERZITETNEM PROGRAMU, MAGISTERIJ ZNANOSTI

DOKTORAT ZNANOSTI

THE SIZE OF THE TOWN WHERE YOU LIVE AND IN WHICH REGION DO YOU LIVE?













ABOUT **RESPONDENTS**

YOUR CURRENT WORK SITUATION







I HAVE MY OWN BUSINESS



I DO ODD JOBS



LAM UNEMPLOYED



I AM RETIRED / A PENSIONER



LAM A STUDENT



I DON'T WORK / I TAKE CARE OF THE HOME



I AM ON PARENTAL LEAVE

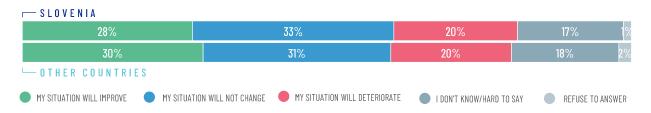


I DON'T WORK, FOR OTHER REASONS

HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?



HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?



WHAT IS THE TOTAL MONTHLY NET INCOME OF ALL THE PEOPLE LIVING IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD, FROM ALL SOURCES

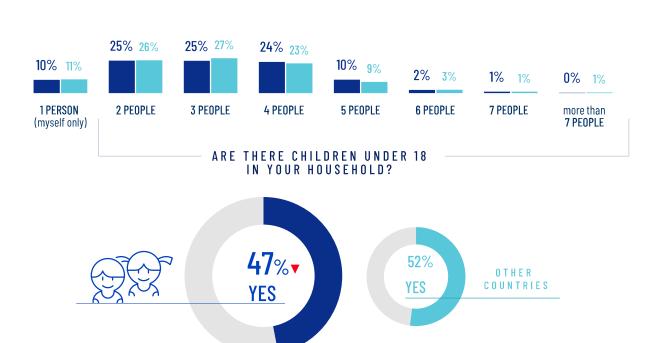




ABOUT RESPONDENTS

HOW MANY PEOPLE LIVE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

include all the people who subsist on your household's income, including children.















.THANK YOU ____





